

A Case of the Week

Case 98

A fifty two-year-old male presented in our hospital suffering from abdominal pain from midnight. Abdominal findings revealed fullness of abdomen, but soft abdomen with no tenderness. Laboratory test revealed white blood cells 13140/mm³, neutrophils 76.3 %, CRP 0.08 mg/dL. Endoscope showed gastritis with atrophic and hyperplastic membrane and duodenitis. He received abdomen CT for further investigation (Figs 1 to 3).



Fig. 1 Axial images of abdominal CT depict that there are contents with high density (CT value, 205) in the small intestine (C – F) associated ileus-like dilatation of the oral-sided small intestine. Note that no high density contents exist in the stomach and duodenum (A, B).



Fig. 2 Sagittal images of abdominal CT depict that the contents with high density are found in the dilated small intestine.



Fig. 3 Coronal images of abdominal CT depict that there are contents with high density (CT value = 210) in the small intestine (B) associated ileus-like dilatation of the oral-sided small intestine (A).

What is your diagnosis ?

1. Bowel bleeding
2. Konjac
3. Fish bone
4. Rice cake
5. Persimmon seed

answer